| Material Safety Data Sheet May be used to comply with OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910:1200. Standard must be consulted for specific requirements | U.S. Department of Labor Occupational Safety and Health Administration (Non-Mandatory Form) Form Approved OMB No. 1218-0072 | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| IDENTITY (As Used on Label and List) ADE-10 | The information contained herein is based on data Considered accurate: however, no warranty either expressed or implied of any nature with respect to the product or the data is made. | | | |
| Section I | | | | |
| Manufacturer's Name ANIMAL SCIENCE PRODUCTS | Emergency Telephone Number 1-800-424-9300 CHEMTREC | | | |
| Address (Number, Street, City, and ZIP Code) FM 1275 SOUTH, NACOGDOCHES, TX, 75963-1408 | Telephone Number for Information 1-800-657-2324 ANIMAL SCIENCE PRODUCTS | | | |
| P.O. DRAWER 631408 | Date Prepared 06/27/96 | | | |
| | Signature of Preparer (optional) | | | |
| Section II-Hazardous Ingredients/Identity Information | | | | |
| CAS# Britol 6T Mineral oil 8042-47-5 1 | Formula 00% Paraffinic Mineral Oil | | | |
| /itamin A, I.U./LB 4,536,900 /itamin D3, I.U./LB 450,000 /itamin E, I.U./LB 1,800 | | | | |
| Ingredients: Rice hulls, Calcium Carbonate, Vitamin A Supplement, D-Activated Animal Sterol (A source of Vitamin D3), Vitamin E Supplement, Ethoxyquin (As Preservative) and BHA and Mineral Oil. | | | | |
| Section III - Physical/Chemical Characteristics | | | | |
| Boiling Point: 630 Deg F | Specific Gravity (H ² O = 1) | .844 @ 25 Deg. C | | |
| Vapor Pressure (mm Hg.) <.0001 | Melting Point | NA | | |
| Vapor Density (AIR = 1) >16 | Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1) 1000*slowe | | | |
| Solubility in water: Nil PH= UNK | - | | | |
| Appearance and Odor: Colorless, oil, no odor. | | | | |
| Section IV - Fire and Explosion Hazard Data | | | | |
| Flash Point (Method Used)340 Deg F Min (cc) | Flammable Limits: LEL NA | UEL NA | | |
| Extinguishing Media: Water fog, chemical foam, dry chemical, CO ₂ . | | | | |
| Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Wear a NIOSH/MSHA approved self-contained breathing apparatus when fighting fire in a confined space. | | | | |
| Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazard : NA | | | | |

| Section V - Reactivity Data | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Stability | Unstable | | Conditions to Avoid: open flame. | |
| | Stable | Stable | | |
| Incompatibility (M | laterials to Avoid) | :Strong oxidizers. | | |
| Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts: Carbon monoxide and asphyxiants. | | | | |
| Hazardous Polymerization | May Occur | | Conditions to Avoid: NA | |
| | Will Not Occur | Will not polymerize. | | |
| Section VI - Health Hazard Data | | | | |
| Route(s) of Entry: | Inhalati | on? Yes Skin? Yes | Ingestion? Yes Eyes? Yes | |
| | | | | |
| Effects of Overexposure: Routes of exposure to this material include eye and skin contact or inhalation. Contact with the eyes and skin may result in mechanical irritation. Inhalation of dusts or powders may result in respiratory irritation. Ingestion of the solid may result in gastric disturbances. Although Vitamin A is a nutritional requirement, ingestion of excessive amounts may result in headaches, nausea, blurred vision, and decreased appetite. Chronic overexposure to vitamin A has been associated with anemia, leucopenia, joint and bone pain, fatigue, depression, skin rash, and liver and spleen abnormalities. | | | | |
| FIRST AID PROCEDURES: Eyes: Immediately wash eyes with running water for 15 minutes. If irritation develops, consult a physician. Skin: Wash affected areas with soap and water. Remove and launder contaminated clothing before reuse. If irritation develops, consult a physician. Ingestion: If swallowed, dilute with water and immediately INDUCE VOMITING. NEVER give fluids or induce vomiting if the victim is unconscious or having convulsions. Get immediate attention. Inhalation: Move to fresh air. Aid in breathing, if necessary, and get immediate medical attention. | | | | |
| Section VII - Precautions for Safe Handling and Use | | | | |
| Steps to Be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled: Spills should be contained and placed in suitable containers for disposal. This material is not regulated under RCRA and CERCLA. | | | | |
| Waste Disposal Method: Incinerate or bury in a licensed facility. Do not discharge into waterways or sewer systems without proper authority. | | | | |
| Section VIII - Control Measures | | | | |
| Respiratory Protection: If dusts are generated, wear a NIOSH/MSHA approved dust mask. | | | | |
| Protective Gloves: Gloves of impervious material to minimize skin contact. Eye Protection: Chemical splash goggles. Ventilation: Use local exhaust to control dusts. Protective Clothing: Standard work clothing, long sleeved shirt and pants. | | | | |
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